



WSD12-TF KIT
User Manual

Capetti
ELETTRONICA

WSD12



General warnings.

- The following information must be read and understood before proceeding with the installation, commissioning and maintenance of the devices described in this document.
- **ATTENTION!** Any omission or failure to follow these instructions scrupulously can cause danger.
- **ATTENTION!** Explosion hazard. In case of batteries substitution, make sure that the type is compatible and complies with the specifications indicated by the manufacturer.
- In case of batteries substitution, **DO NOT** disconnect the flat cable which connect the electronic boards without removing batteries before
- ALWAYS substitute all the batteries, also in case of one single battery exhausted.
- If the device is powered by a fixed network, make sure you have disconnected the power supply before carrying out any type of intervention. Failure to comply with this indication can cause damage to people and/or property.
- Follow the manufacturer's suggested warm-up time (*time required to obtain a reliable measurement*) of the transducer.
- Follow the manufacturer's suggested electric wiring of the transducer to measure (*ground shields at a single point, cable length and section*); voltage measures on distances exceed 15/20 meters are subjected to electromagnetic disturbances. 0÷25mA inputs have a superior electromagnetic compatibility (*EMC*).
- Avoid passage in cavities with power or high voltage cables.
- The protection and safety measures and the warranty provided by the Manufacturer with the equipment may be compromised if it's used in a manner that does not comply with this user manual.
- This equipment complies with CE regulations.
- Modifications or tampering not expressly approved by the Manufacturer could void the user's authorization to operate the equipment.
- This equipment must be installed by qualified personnel and in accordance with national regulations and/or related local requirements.
- Make sure that the object is properly fixed to supports/infrastructures capable of withstanding this load. Make sure proper methods and materials are used when fixing the equipment to a wall.
- Only personnel expressly authorized by the manufacturer can open the container. There are no user serviceable parts inside.

1. Description.

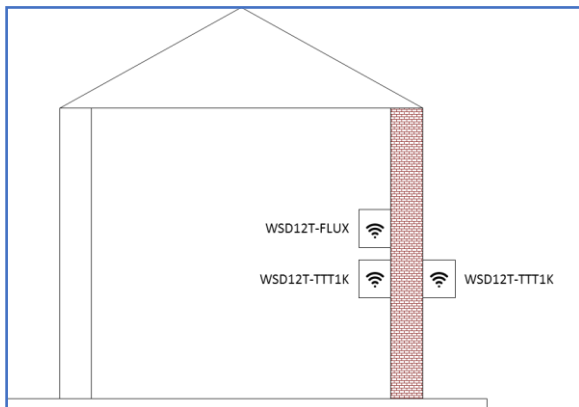
The **WSD12-TF** is a wireless system used to measure, thermal conductance of shell's opaque surfaces, performed on existing buildings in not invasive mode (*HFM flux meter method – Heat Flux Meter*). This system is a good aid for building's energy certification.

System is made by three wireless **dataloggers**:

- **WSD12T-TTT1K** → contact surface temperature measure (*three points*) to be placed on the external side of the shell;
- **WSD12T-TTT1K** → contact surface temperature measure (*three points*) to be placed on the internal side of the shell;
- **WSD12T-FLUX** → thermal flow measure, to be placed on the internal side of the shell.



Picture 1 - Product image



Picture 2 - System devices displacement

2. Measure procedure.

Measure procedure is divided in three phases:

- suitable measure point identification.
- devices displacement and measure campaign start.
- data analysis and calculation (*using progressive media method*) of shell's thermal conductance.

a. Suitable measure point identification.

Transducers must be placed in a representative portion of desired surface.

Corners and wall portions affected by physical or thermal anomalies (*for example thermal bridges caused by columns, insulation interruptions, etc.*) cause of surface portion's irregularity by architectural and so thermophysical point of view, must be avoided.

For a punctual control of thermal homogeneity of the surface portion to be measured, an infrared thermal camera and building's planimetries consultation are suggested.

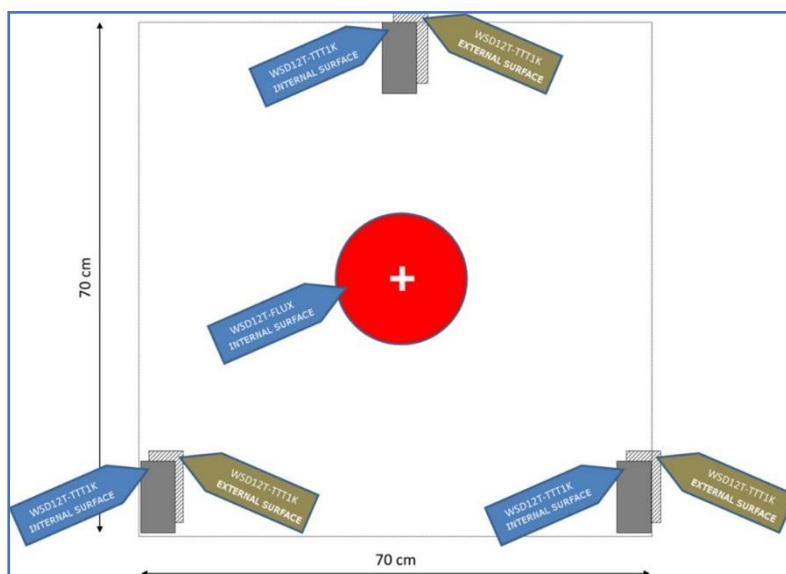
Thermographic survey must be useful to obtain, on the area to be measured, a surface temperature variability (*both internal and external surfaces*) not higher than 4% of the temperature difference between the internal and the external surfaces.

Once identified the surface portions with characteristic listed above, selecting the one with less surface roughness is suggested, to obtain the best adherence of sensors.

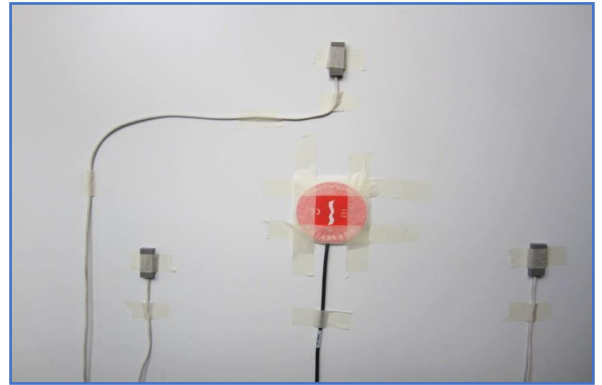
Suitable surfaces are exposed to NORTH and not directly exposed to rain and sunshine.

b. Device displacement and measure campaign start.

Transducers must be placed in a measure area of approximately 70cm x 70cm. Surface temperature transducers, between internal and external positions, must be as coincident as possible.

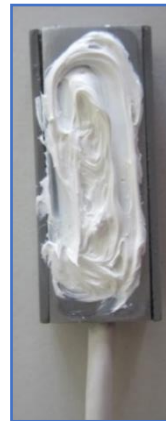


Picture 3 - Device displacement



Picture 4 – Sensors' displacement (external wall/internal wall)

For optimal contact, use thermo-conductive paste between transducer and surface is necessary.

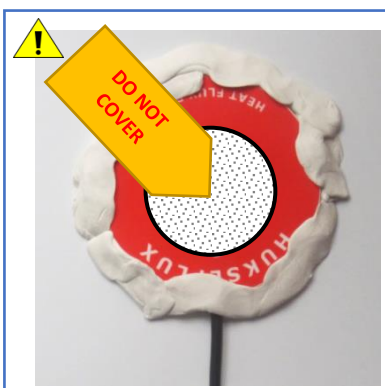


Picture 5 - Thermo-fluxmeter plate and temperature transducer with thermo-conductive paste

To fix transducers on surface, paper ribbon or adhesive rubber are suggested.



Picture 6 - Thermo-fluxmeter plate and temperature transducer fixing with adhesive rubber or paper ribbon



NOTE!



Do not cover the centre of thermo-fluxmeter. Sampling interval must not exceed 10 minutes.



c. Data analysis and calculation of shell's thermal conductance.

To calculate thermal conductance, the progressive media method is suggested. This technic uses proper time average values of sampled measures and requires:

- choose a monitoring period sufficiently long.
- choose a period with marked thermal differences between indoor and outdoor (**15°C minimum of average thermal difference**).

To obtain reliable data, some authors (*Bales, Bomberg & Courville, 1985*) suggests choosing a measure time interval as 12 times the nominal time constant of surface.

From a practical point of view that means a sample interval of 4-5 days for surfaces with a front mass equal or less than 300-400 kg/m².

Otherwise, in case of supporting walls typical of historical sites which can exceed 1,000 kg/m² of front mass, this interval can exceed a week.

Using this method, the thermal conductance is calculated as the instant values integration in period:

$$C = \frac{\int_0^t q(t) \cdot dt}{\int_0^t [T_{pi}(t) - T_{pe}(t)]}$$

C profile asymptotically tends to surface conductance estimated value.

Progressive media method application, requires:

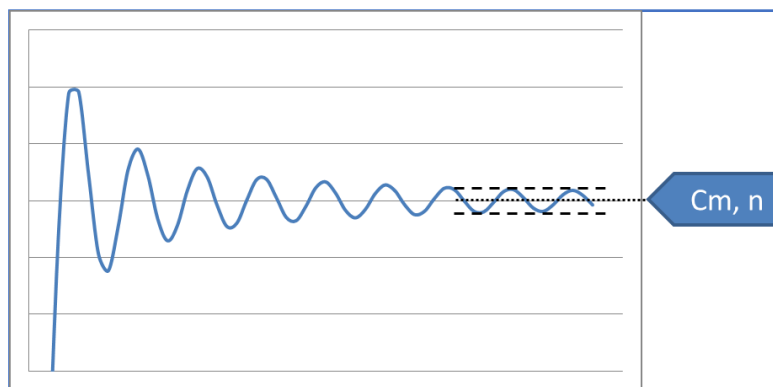
- For each n-nth sample, external (*external probes samples average value*) and internal (*internal probes samples average value*) surface temperature calculations
- n-nth temperature sample difference calculation
- progressive average conductance calculation as:

$$C_{m,n} = \frac{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n H_i}{n}}{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n T_{m,int,i}}{n} - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n T_{m,est,i}}{n}}$$

where:

- H = instant thermal flow detected.
- T_{m,int} = instant average internal temperature;
- T_{m,est} = instant average external temperature;

n value is the one which C_{m,n} value stabilizes (*refer to the following graph*).



Picture 7 - C value trend example for thermal conductance determination



3. Device pre-set and use mode.

a. Wireless Mode:

In this use mode, the datalogger records and transmits each measure sampled to the linked gateway. Typically, the monitoring system is configured in factory, so, if the device is already associated to the system gateway is in **STANDBY** mode (refer to *Picture 11 - Status table – Wireless mode*). In this case, it is necessary to start it with the **TEST** command (refer to *Picture 10 – Wireless devices user interface*). After this operation, the datalogger reactivates, resumes measure activity, and performs the connection to the gateway or to a *repeater WR12*. Connection The onboard LED shows the radio signal quality for 2 minutes (refer to *Picture 11 - Status table – Wireless mode*).

Otherwise, in case the device is in **FACTORY RESET** mode (refer to refer to *Picture 11 - Status table – Wireless mode*), that means it's ready for connecting to an existing system, in order to associate it using the **ENROL** command. Refer to the "*WineCap System - User Manual R31*" software manual. It is necessary to use the *WineCapManager* software on the PC connected to the gateway that will be linked with the device.

b. USB Logger Mode:

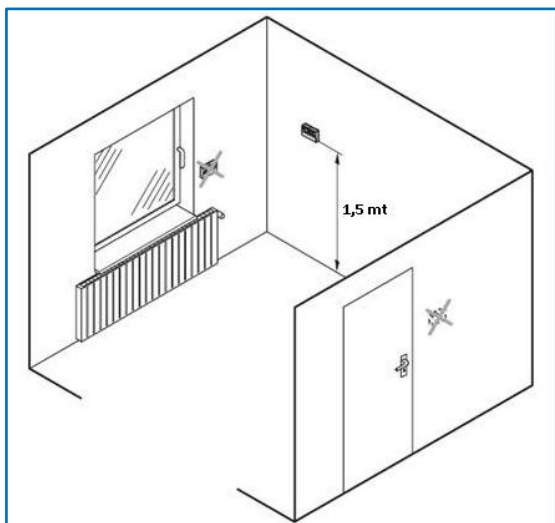
For this operation mode, the dataloggers works in stand-alone, recording data in its internal memory and without any wireless connection. This is not the factory setup so, to select it, the connection with the PC and the *WineCapManager* running on it is necessary to modify the device 's operation mode. The device must be set in **STAND-ALONE** (refer to *8 - Stand-alone USB datalogger installation*.) mode and the sample time must be configured; automatically, the device 's clock is aligned with the PC's clock, in order to assure the temporal reference of the sample.

Sampling operations start may be selected disconnecting the USB cable or giving the proper command with the magnetic key (refer to *8 - Stand-alone USB datalogger installation*.). More details on device 's connection/disconnection through the USB cable are available on the *WineCap System - User Manual R31* manual.

c. On field transition from USB to Wireless datalogger:

This transition is practicable in field, during the sampling period, using the wireless network association command. When the association is done, the datalogger becomes a wireless datalogger and, besides sending new measures to the gateway, starts a download process towards the same gateway of the measures acquired during the stand-alone period (refer to *Picture 12 - Status table -*).

4. Sensor positioning.



Picture 8 - Sensor positioning

To ensure that the measurements are not affected by external factors, some precautions must be taken into consideration during positioning:

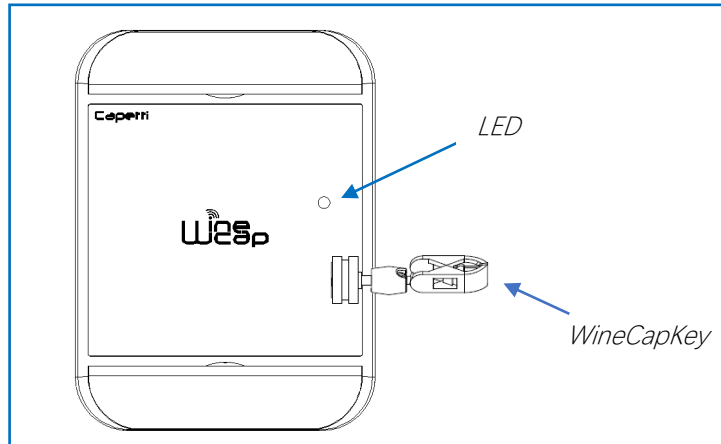
- positioning must take place on a dividing wall, about 1.5 meters from the floor;
- the device must not be placed near doors and windows;
- the device must not be positioned above the radiators;
- the device must not be placed near heat sources;



5. Wireless device user interface.

The user interface consists of a “virtual” button that can be activated using the *WineCapKey* and of a two-colours led.

To give a command, user must approach the *WineCapKey* to the device's sensible area and keep it in that position.; the following picture (*Picture 9 - WineCapKey positioning*) shows device's sensible points.


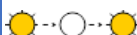









Picture 9 - WineCapKey positioning



The following COMMAND table describes the available commands:

WIRELESS DEVICES USER INTERFACE

Flash count	Command	Description
1 flash 	STATUS	Shows the device STATUS . As answer the led perform a flash sequence as reported in the STATUS table. If the device is performing the TEST (<i>refer to TEST command</i>) this command stops it.
2 flashes 	TEST	Enter in TEST mode and transmits status and measurements every 5 seconds. If the device is in STANDBY mode or it is out of radio range, this command forces the connection procedure to the WSN and the return to the operative mode. The TEST stops after 120 seconds. During TEST , the led continuously shows the STATUS to monitor the received radio signal quality. CAUTION: Measures acquired during TEST phase are NOT saved.
3 flashes 	ENROL	Association to the network: must be used when the device has not yet been included in a network, starts the entry and association procedure to the gateway (<i>refer to "WineCap System - User Manual R31"</i>).
4 flashes  + 4 flashes 	STANDBY	Temporary device deactivation: the device is stopped. The sampling process and the radio are/is. turned off losing the connection to the network. To reactivate, a TEST command is necessary. The STANDBY command must be given twice to confirm it: at the first sequence the led flashes alternating RED and GREEN lights, waiting for the second confirm sequence within 15 seconds. At the command execution the led flashes as the STANDBY status (<i>refer to "Picture 11 - Status table - Wireless mode"</i>).
5 flashes  + 5 flashes 	FACTORY RESET	The device performs the memory deleting procedure and goes in STOP status. All samples, configuration and wireless network data associated are LOST. To reactivate the device a new association and configuration procedure is necessary (<i>ENROL command</i>). Also in this case, the FACTORY RESET command must be given twice to confirm it. At the command execution the led flashes as the "PROBE/DATALOGGER NOT ASSOCIATED" status (<i>refer to "Picture 11 - Status table - Wireless mode"</i>).
5 flashes  + 3 flashes 	LOGGER NO WSN	As the previous command but performs only the WSN deleting procedure and disassociate from the gateway. The device enters in LOGGER STAND ALONE mode: data are kept, and the sampling activity CONTINUES with previous setup. Command must be given with 2 sequences: 5 flashes and then 3 flashes. At the command execution wait for the device reboot. At the STATUS command, " LOGGER " will be the answer (<i>refer to "Picture 12 - Status table - Stand-alone mode"</i>). A new association (<i>ENROL command</i>) is possible to a new gateway.

Picture 10 – Wireless devices user interface

6. Device enrolment.

Not necessary if performed in factory before delivery.

Enrol the device to the wireless network referring to the "*WineCap System - User Manual R31*". In case the device is already enrolled but in **STANDBY** status, a **TEST** command must be issued (*refer to Picture 10 – Wireless devices user interface*).

7. Installation procedure.

After installing the gateway in appropriate place in charge, (*refer to "WineCap System - User Manual R31"*), be sure that the device is enrolled to the gateway and activated.

Head for the installation point. On the way, to check the quality of the radio coverage, use the "Field Measurer" function.

This function is activated issuing the **TEST** (*refer to Picture 10 – Wireless devices user interface*) command: position the *WineCapKey* in the spot indicated in *Picture 9 - WineCapKey positioning* and wait for two AMBER flashes, then remove the *WineCapKey* from device. The "Field Measurer" function lasts enabled for two minutes.

To issue commands to the device, place the *WineCapKey* where indicated.

Once the *WineCapKey*, is detected, the led periodically emits AMBER flashes with a 2 second cadence.



For each flash, a different command is associated; to confirm the command the *WineCapKey* must be removed from the sensible area immediately after the number of flashes corresponding at the desired command. The **TEST** corresponds to the second pulse and activate the "Field Measurer" function.

The device will give back the radio signal quality through led flashes:

WIRELESS MODE STATUS Table

FLASH COUNT – WIRELESS MODE	FLASH COUNT	STATUS/RADIO SIGNAL QUALITY
	5 green flashes	ACTIVE - Radio signal: Excellent
	4 green flashes	ACTIVE - Radio signal: Good
	3 green flashes	ACTIVE - Radio signal: Fair
	2 amber flashes	ACTIVE - Radio signal: Sufficient
	1 red flash	ACTIVE - Radio signal: Insufficient
	1 red flash 2" long	OUT OF RANGE Network searching
	2 red flashes 2" long	STANDBY Radio off - No Logging
	Short-long-short red flashes series	FACTORY RESET Device not enrolled – No logging

Picture 11 - Status table – Wireless mode

Optimize reception selecting the best position: small movements can help.

If the signal is absent or insufficient at the install point, a *repeater WR12* should be put between (refer to "*WineCap System - User Manual R31*"). The *repeater WR12* itself must be in a position where the signal level is at least sufficient.

The network will reconfigure itself automatically; the signal will be good again when the device synchronizes with the *repeater WR12*.

The wireless communication will not be reconfigured until completely lost by the device. Because of this, in some cases it could be necessary to force the operation. In such cases, put the device in **STANDBY** mode, then run the **TEST** again (refer to "*WineCap System - User Manual R31*").

NOTE: The display equipped datalogger (*WD04T*) is recommended, to verify the signal quality during devices installation.

8. Stand-alone USB datalogger installation.

Install the datalogger in appropriate place.


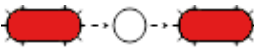

If the sampling process has not yet been activated, you can start it through the *WineCapKey*.

Bring it closer to the sensitive point, wait for 2 flashes (**TEST**) (refer to *Picture 10 – Wireless devices user interface*) and remove. The datalogger begins sampling according to your settings through your PC.

Through the *WineCapKey* is possible to ask for the status, bring it close to the datalogger for 1 flash (**STATUS**) and remove it.



STAND-ALONE DEVICE - STATUS TABLE Table

FLASH COUNT –STAND ALONE MODE		STATUS
	1 green flash 2 seconds long	ACTIVE
	2 red flashes 2 seconds long	STANDBY
	Sequence of red flashes: short, 2 seconds long, short	FACTORY RESET INVALID datalogger clock! PC connection required.

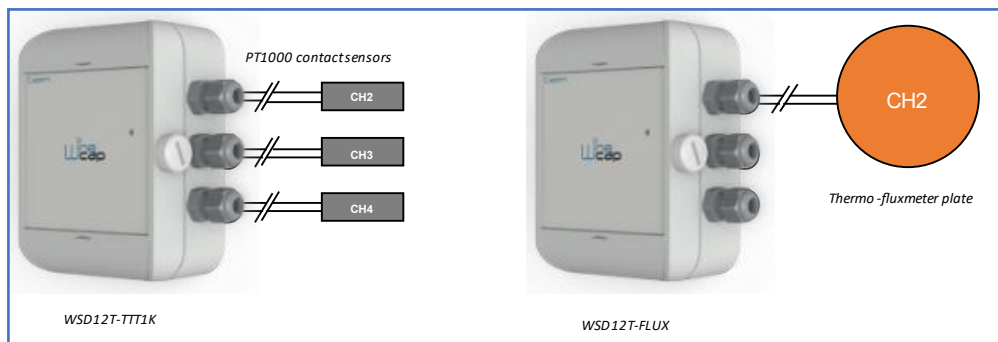
Picture 12 - Status table - Stand-alone mode

9. Shutting off/Reactivating the device.

If the device is shut off and left unused for a long time, you can issue the **STANDBY** command (refer to *Picture 10 – Wireless devices user interface*). It corresponds to the command number 4 and must be issued twice to confirm the operation.

Position the *WineCapKey* in the spot indicated in (*Picture 9 - WineCapKey positioning*), and wait for four AMBER flashes, then remove the *WineCapKey* from device. Verify that the device asks for confirmation of **STANDBY** command with alternate GREEN/RED flashing, then position again the *WineCapKey* and wait for four flashes again. The device will confirm the **STANDBY** status lighting the RED led for 2 seconds twice. To reactivate the device the **TEST** command must be issued.

10. Transducer's connection layout.




Picture 13 - Connections layout




11. Technical Information.

a. WSD12T-TTT1K

Power supply	8.5Ah - 3.6V type "C" lithium internal battery
Battery life (*)	Up to 5years <i>(samples every 10 minutes and radio signal quality at least sufficient)</i>
Measures acquired <i>(4 input channels)</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indoor temperature • Surface temperature
Sampling interval (*)	Selectable from one minute to 24 hours <i>(10 minutes default)</i>
Datalogger capacity	64,000 samples <i>(for each channel)</i>
Working temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operative: -30°C ÷ +60°C • Warehousing: -40°C ÷ +70°C
Radio frequency	ISM 868MHz
Radio coverage 	Up to 6Km in line of sight <i>(can be extended using WR12 battery powered repeaters)</i>
Sealing	IP65
Dimensions	90x120x50mm
Weight	350g
Case material	ABS
Mounting	Fix on 4 points
Connections	Wireless, USB
Cable external diameter	2.5mm minimum - 6.5mm maximum
Copper wire section	0.05÷2.5mm ² /÷14AWG
Indoor temperature - Transducer type	NTC10KΩ
Indoor temperature - Measure range	-20°C÷+60°
Indoor temperature - Measure accuracy	±0.2°C in whole range
Indoor temperature - Measure resolution	0.01°C
Surface temperature - Transducer type	PT1000
Surface temperature - Measure range	-30°C÷+50°C
Surface temperature - Measure accuracy	± 0.25°C in whole range
Surface temperature - Measure resolution	0.01°C

b. WSD12T-FLUX

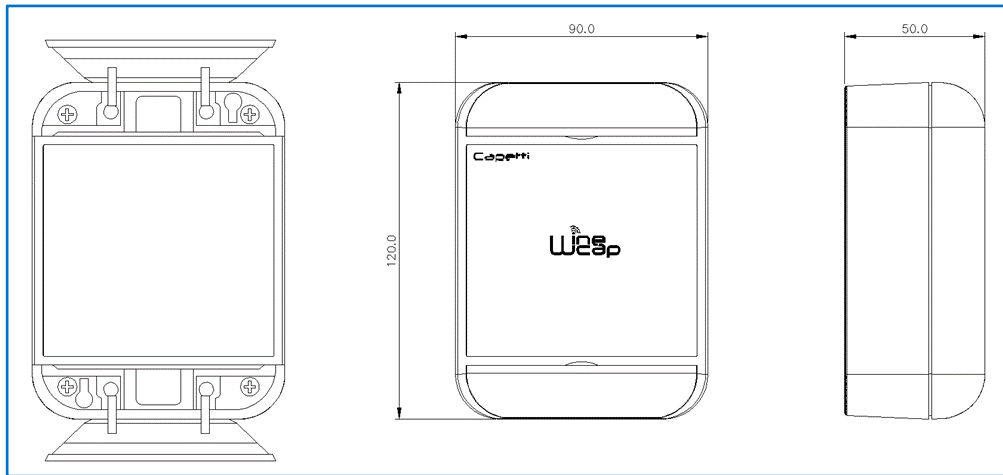
Power supply	8.5Ah - 3.6V type "C" lithium internal battery
Battery life (*)	Up to 5years <i>(samples every 10 minutes and radio signal quality at least sufficient)</i>
Measures acquired (4 input channels)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indoor temperature • Thermocouple pile
Sampling interval (*)	Selectable from one minute to 24 hours (10 minutes default)
Datalogger capacity	64,000 samples (for each channel)
Working temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operative: -30°C ÷ +60°C • Warehousing: -40°C ÷ +70°C
Radio frequency	ISM 868MHz
Radio coverage 	Up to 6Km in line of sight <i>(can be extended using WR12 battery powered repeaters)</i>
Sealing	IP65
Dimensions	90x120x50mm
Weight	350g
Case material	ABS
Mounting	Fix on 4 points
Connections	Wireless USB
Cable external diameter	2.5mm minimum - 6.5mm maximum
Copper wire section	0.05÷2.5mm ² /÷14AWG
Indoor temperature - Transducer type	NTC10KΩ
Indoor temperature - Measure range	-20°C÷+60°
Indoor temperature - Measure accuracy	±0.2°C - Range 0°C÷+60°
Indoor temperature - Measure resolution	0.01°C
Thermo-fluxmeter input - Transducer type	Thermo-pile fluxmeter plate
Thermo-fluxmeter input - Measure range	±35W/m ²
Thermo-fluxmeter input - Measure accuracy	0.001W/m ²
Thermo-fluxmeter input - Measure resolution	±0.05W/m ²

* battery life may be influenced by fieldwork conditions, sampling/measuring interval and system configuration.

** radio coverage can be extended using up to 32 WR12 repeaters (maximum 16 for each path) between the device and the gateway.



12. Mechanical dimensions.



Picture 14 - Mechanical dimensions

13. Disclaimer.

- Specifications are subject to change without notice and should not be interpreted as a commitment on the part of Capetti Elettronica S.r.l.
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- The product is not intended for use in applications where safety is critical, such as life-security systems or medical-related applications.
- If a channel is saturated or disrupted "Frequency hopping" transmitting method allows data integrity and security, but correct functioning of the product in environments with high radio activity is not guaranteed.



14. Reference standards.

EN 61010 -1

For electromagnetic compatibility

EN 61000 - 3 - 2

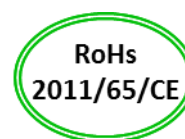
EN 61000 - 3 - 3

EN 300 220 -2

EN 301 489 - 03

EN 61000 - 6 -1

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